## Homework problems:

11.1 (due Nov 21, 2006) Professor A designed a black-box which on input $a$ computes $a^{2}$ in time $O(\log a)$. We would like to use the black-box to multiply numbers, i. e., on input $a, b$ we want to compute $a b$. We want our algorithm to run in time $O(\log (a b))$.
a) Give such an algorithm.
b) Suppose now, that instead of $x \mapsto x^{2}$ black-box, we have $x \mapsto x^{3}$ black-box. Show how we can use the new black-box to multiply numbers $a, b$ in time $O(\log (a b))$.
c) Suppose now, that instead of $x \mapsto x^{2}$ black-box, we have $x \mapsto x^{4}$ black-box. Show how we can use the new black-box to multiply numbers $a, b$ in time $O(\log (a b))$.

In parts a), b), c) you can assume that we can add two numbers $c, d$ in $O(\log (c d))$-time. You can also assume that for any constant $f$ we can divide $d$ by $f$ in $O(\log d)$-time.
11.2 (due Nov 21, 2006) Let $x, y$ be unknown positive integers. Let $A=x y$ and $B=x+y$. Give a polynomial-time algorithm which on input $A, B$ computes $x, y$.

