

CSC 261/461 – Database Systems

Lecture 22

Spring 2018

Announcements

- **Project 3 (MongoDB) is out**
 - Due on April 19
 - Please go to workshop this week!
- **Project 1 Milestone 4 is out too...**
 - Due on last day of lecture
 - Extra credit for best projects
 - Demo during exam week.
- **Term Paper:**
 - Due date is approaching
 - Final submission is due on April 18, 2018 @ 11:59 pm. Please submit on time.
- **Optional Project 4:**
 - Spark
 - On bluehive
 - I will give you a very brief introduction
 - Will provide you a few Jupyter Notebook to practice.

Topics for Today

- MongoDB

MONGODB

What is MongoDB

- Scalable High-Performance Open-source, Document-orientated database.
- Built for Speed
- Rich Document based queries for **Easy readability**.
- Full Index Support for **High Performance**.
- Map / Reduce for **Aggregation**.



Why use MongoDB?

- SQL was invented in the 70's to store **data**.
- MongoDB stores **documents (or) objects**
- Embedded documents and arrays **reduce need for joins**

Why will we use MongoDB?

- Semi-Structured Content Management

XML -> Tables

- For Project 2 we have done:

Items -> User, Item, Category, Bid

XML Format

```
<Item ItemID="1043374545">
  <Name>christopher radko | fritz n_ frosty sledding</Name>
  <Category>Collectibles</Category>
  <Category>Decorative & Holiday</Category>
  <Category>Decorative by Brand</Category>
  <Category>Christopher Radko</Category>
  <Currently>$30.00</Currently>
  <First_Bid>$30.00</First_Bid>
  <Number_of_Bids>0</Number_of_Bids>
  <Bids/>
  <Location>its a dry heat</Location>
  <Country>USA</Country>
  <Started>Dec-03-01 18:10:40</Started>
  <Ends>Dec-13-01 18:10:40</Ends>
  <Seller UserID="rulabula" Rating="1035"/>
  <Description>brand new beautiful handmade european blown glass ornament
</Item>
```

_ _ _ _ _

JSON Format

```
{
  "_id": "1043374545",
  "Name": "christopher radko | fritz n_ frosty sl
  "Category": [
    "Collectibles",
    "Decorative & Holiday",
    "Decorative by Brand",
    "Christopher Radko"
  ],
  "Currently": 30.00,
  "First_Bid": 30.00,
  "Number_of_Bids": 0,
  "Bids": null,
  "Location": "its a dry heat",
  "Country": "USA",
  "Started": "Dec-03-01 18:10:40",
  "Ends": "Dec-13-01 18:10:40",
  "Seller": {
    "_id": "rulabula",
    "_Rating": 1035
  },
  "Description": "brand new beautiful handmade eu
    a snowman paired with a little girl bundled up in h
    ornament is approximately 5_ tall and 4_ wide. bran
    ature black radko gift box. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY!!!
    ear before shipping. the hold period will be a minim
    shipping rate is dependent on both the weight of th
    arge is $6 and will increase with distance and weigh
    will apply for all USPS shipments if you cannot have
    and I_will furnish quotes on availability. the BUY-I
    laska and hawaii receive a credit of like value appl
    utilize the feature. paypal is not accepted if you
    buy it now feature is utilized. thank you for your u
    See item description and Payment Instructions, or co
    ct seller for more information."
}
```

Object-relational impedance mismatch

- A set of conceptual and technical difficulties that are often encountered:
 - when a **relational database management system (RDBMS)** is being served by an application program (or multiple application programs) written in an **object-oriented programming language**
- Objects or class definitions must be mapped to database tables defined by relational schema.

MongoDB: No Impedance Mismatch

```
// your application code
class Foo { int x; string [] tags;}

// mongo document for Foo
{ x: 1, tags: ['abc','xyz'] }
```

When I say
Database



Think
Database

- Made up of Multiple Collections.
- Created on-the-fly when referenced for the first time.

When I say
Collection



Think
Table

- Schema-less, and contains **Documents**.
- **Indexable** by one/more keys.
- Created **on-the-fly** when referenced for the first time.
- **Capped Collections**: Fixed size, older records get dropped after reaching the limit.

When I say
Document



Think
Record/Row

- Stored in a **Collection**.
- Have **_id** key – works like Primary keys in MySQL.
- Supported Relationships – **Embedded (or) References**.
- Document storage in **BSON** (Binary form of JSON).

The Document Model

```
var post = {  
  '_id': ObjectId('3432'),  
  'author': ObjectId('2311'),  
  'title': 'Introduction to MongoDB',  
  'body': 'MongoDB is an open sources.. ',  
  'timestamp': Date('01-04-12'),  
  'tags': ['MongoDB', 'NoSQL'],  
  'comments': [{ 'author': ObjectId('5331'),  
                  'date': Date('02-04-12'),  
                  'text': 'Did you see.. ',  
                  'upvotes': 7 } ]  
}  
  
> db.posts.insert(post);
```


Find

// find posts which has 'MongoDB' tag.

```
> db.posts.find({tags: 'MongoDB'});
```

// find posts by author's comments.

```
> db.posts.find({'comments.author': 'Johnson'}).count();
```

// find posts written after 31st March.

```
> db.posts.find({'timestamp': {'$gte': Date('31-03-12')}});
```

\$gt, \$lt, \$gte, \$lte, \$ne, \$all, \$in, \$nin...



Find

Which fields?

```
db.foo.find(query, projection)
```

Which documents?

Find: Projection

```
> db.posts.find({}, {title:1})
```

```
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5654381f37f63ffc4ebf1964"),  
  "title" : "NodeJS server" }  
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5654385c37f63ffc4ebf1965"),  
  "title" : "Introduction to MongoDB" }
```

Like

```
select title from posts
```

Empty projection like

```
select * from posts
```

Find

Find

- Query criteria
 - Single value field
 - Array field
 - Sub-document / dot notation

Projection

- Field inclusion and exclusion

Cursor

- Sort
- Limit
- Skip

Update

```
> db.posts.update(  
  {"_id" : ObjectId("5654381f37f63ffc4ebf1964")},  
  {  
    title:"NodeJS server"  
  });
```

This will **replace** the document by {title:"NodeJS server"}

Update: Change part of the document

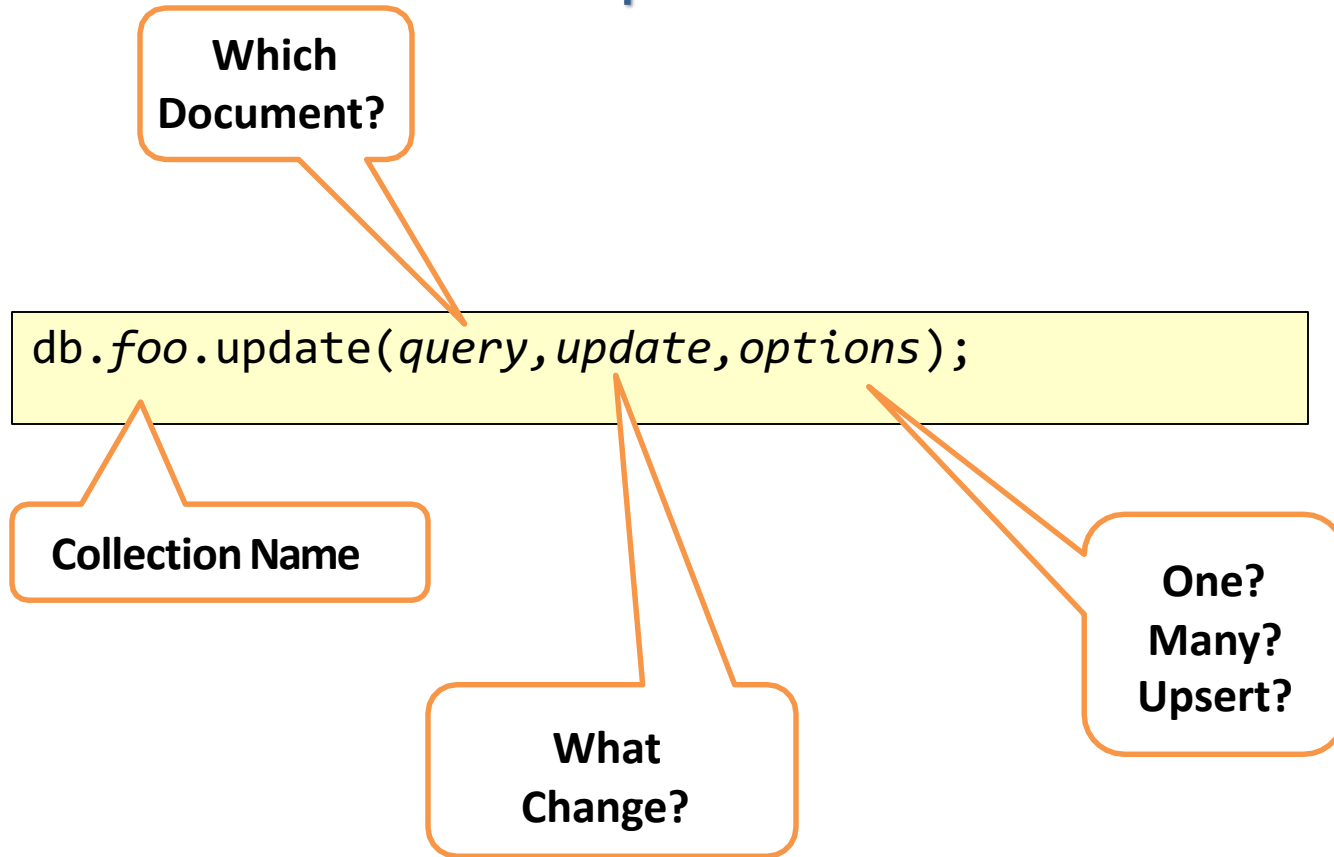
```
> db.posts.update(  
  {"_id" : ObjectId("5654381f37f63ffc4ebf1964")},  
  {  
    $addToSet: {tags:"JS"},  
    $set: {title:"NodeJS server"},  
    $unset: { comments: 1}  
  });
```

\$set, \$unset

\$push, \$pull, \$pop, \$addToSet

\$inc, \$decr, many more...

Update



Options:

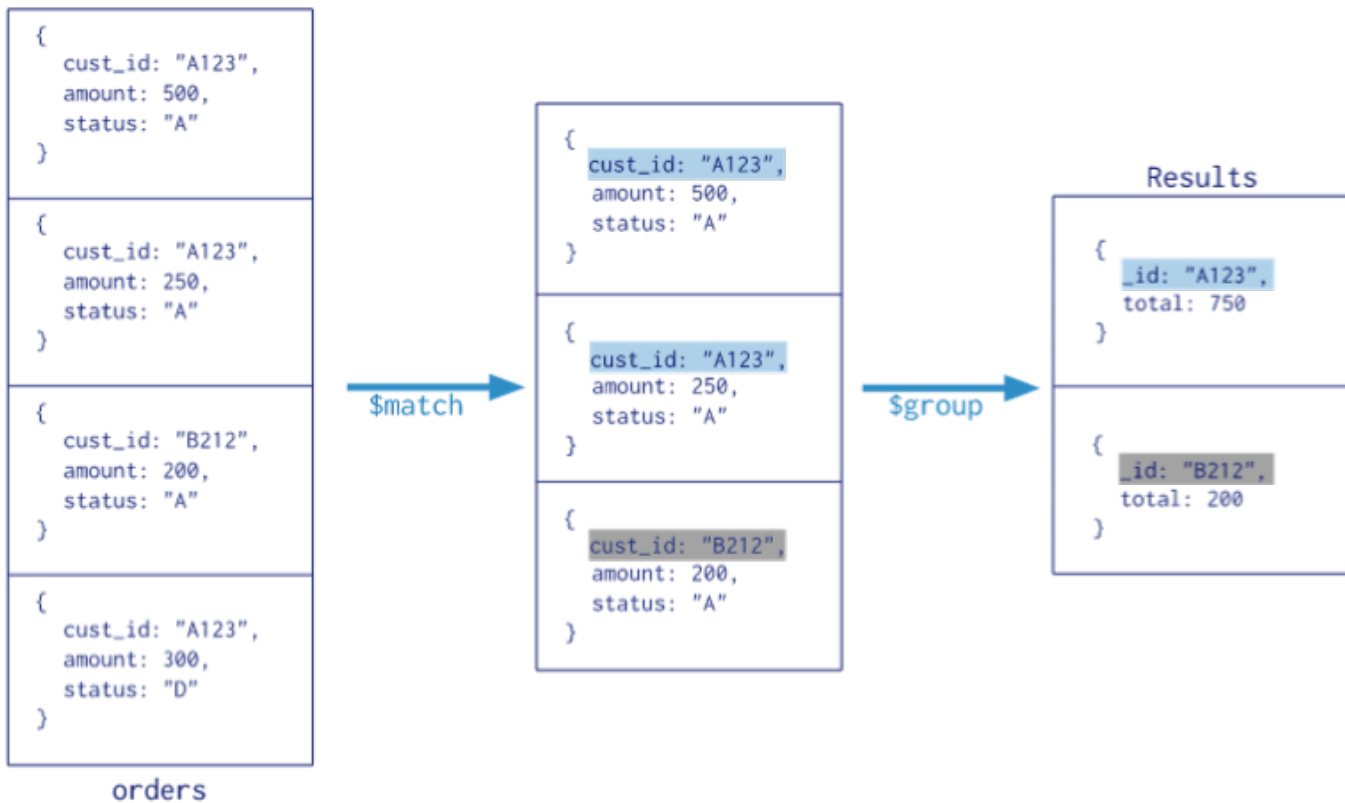
- {multi: true}** – will change all found documents;
by default only first found will be updated
- {upsert: true}** – will insert document if it was not found

Remove

- `db.collection.remove(<query>, <justOne>)`
- `db.items.remove({Currently: { $gt: 20 } })`

Aggregation

Collection
↓
db.orders.aggregate([
 \$match stage → { \$match: { status: "A" } },
 \$group stage → { \$group: { _id: "\$cust_id", total: { \$sum: "\$amount" } } }
])



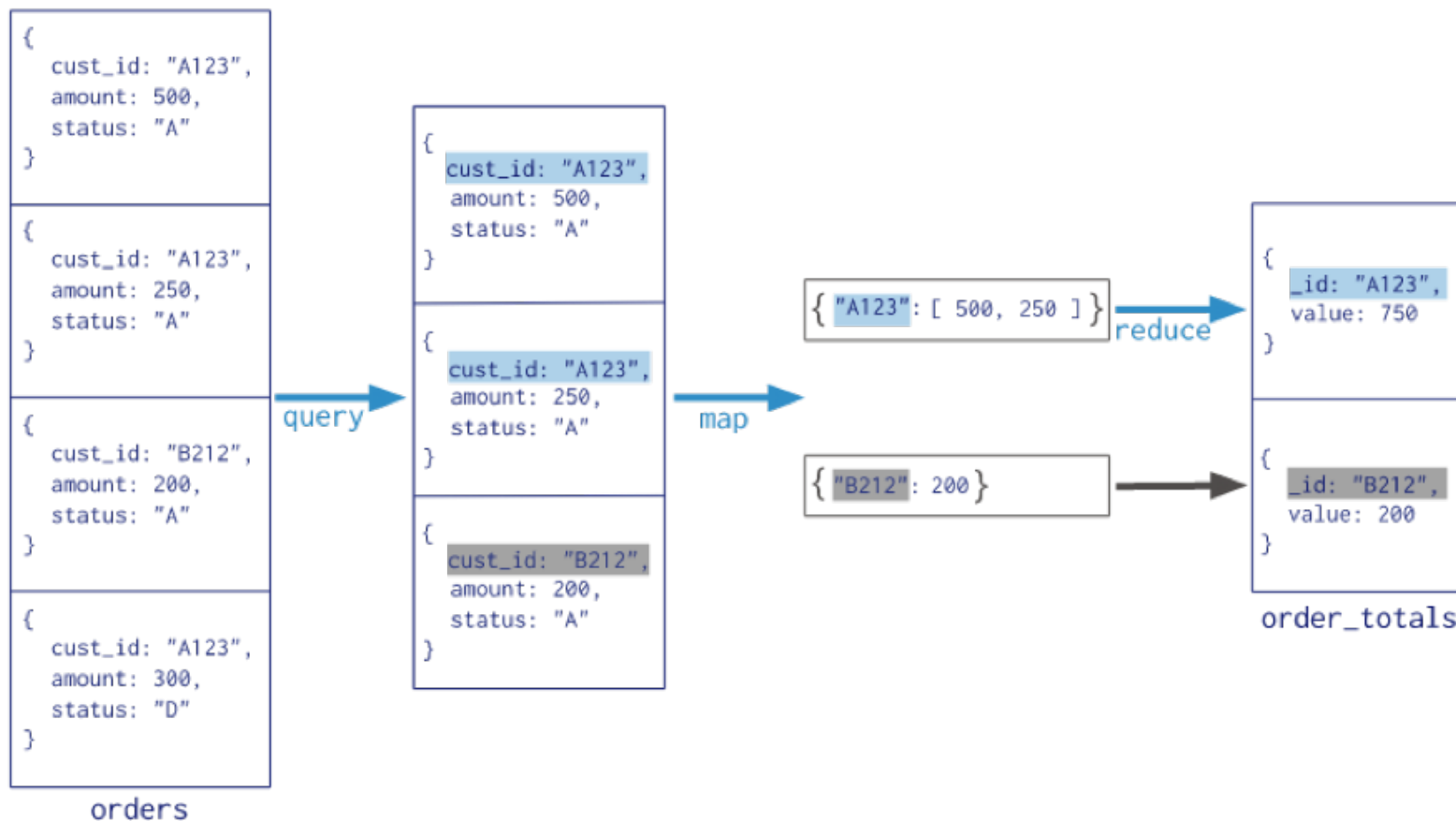
Aggregation

- <https://docs.mongodb.com/v3.0/applications/aggregation/>
- <https://www.safaribooksonline.com/blog/2013/06/21/aggregation-in-mongodb/>

MapReduce

Collection

```
db.orders.mapReduce(  
  map   ———> function() { emit( this.cust_id, this.amount ); },  
  reduce ———> function(key, values) { return Array.sum( values ) },  
  
  query ———> { query: { status: "A" },  
  output ———> out: "order_totals"  
  }  
)
```



Acknowledgement

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- Many of these slides are taken from cs145 course offered by Stanford University.