- 1. Write a CFG for strings containing 0 and 1 such that all strings generated by your grammar contain the same number of 0's and 1's. Show parse trees for the strings 001101 and 0110.
- 2. Show that the following grammar (where the last production is an epsilon production and lower-case symbols are terminals) is ambiguous

$$\begin{array}{rrrr} S & \to & \mathbf{a} \; S \; \mathbf{b} \; S \\ & \to & \mathbf{b} \; S \; \mathbf{a} \; S \\ & \to & \epsilon \end{array}$$

3. Informally, FIRST(A) is defined to be the set of tokens that can begin some string of tokens derived from A. Compute FIRST(Stmt) for the following grammar fragment:

 $Stmt \rightarrow LabeledOpt \ Loop$ $Stmt \rightarrow indent := Expr$ $LabeledOpt \rightarrow number :$ $LabeledOpt \rightarrow \epsilon$ $Loop \rightarrow while \ Condition \ \{StmtList\}$ $Loop \rightarrow do \ \{StmtList\} \ until \ Condition$

4. (a) Remove left recursion from the following grammar:

$$\begin{split} IdList &
ightarrow \ IdListPrefix ; \\ IdListPrefix &
ightarrow \ IdListPrefix , \ {\rm id} \\ &
ightarrow \ {\rm id} \end{split}$$

(b) Perform left factoring on the following:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} Stmt & \to & \texttt{id} := Expr \\ & \to & \texttt{id} (ArgumentList) \end{array}$$

5. Formally prove that the following grammar (solution to the last quiz problem) is LL(1) using first and follow sets:

$$\begin{array}{rrrr} S & \rightarrow & (\ L \) \\ & \rightarrow & a \\ L & \rightarrow & S \ Ltail \\ Ltail & \rightarrow & , L \\ & \rightarrow & \epsilon \end{array}$$