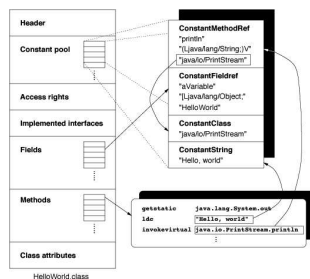


Project 4

Java class File Format

- Header (magic number)
- Constant pool
 - information needed to dynamically resolve symbolic references to classes, fields, and methods at run-time (coded with string constants), strings, integers, floats, longs, and doubles
- Access rights
- Implemented interfaces
- Fields
 - Contains pointers to constant pool (index)
- Methods
 - actual byte code
- Class attributes

Java class File Format



Java Byte Code

- Stack operations
- Arithmetic operations
- Control flow
- Load and store operations for local variables
- Field access
 - getfield, putfield
- Method invocation
 - invokestatic and invokevirtual
- Object allocation
 - New, newarray
- Conversion and type checking

Runtime Data Areas

- The pc register
- Stack
 - holds local variables and partial results
 - Frames pushed and popped
 - Memory does not need to be contiguous
- Heap
 - Memory for all class instances and arrays
 - Garbage collected
- Method area
 - Runtime constant pool (serves a function similar to a symbol table)

Byte Code Engineering Library (BCEL)

- ClassGen
 - Types
 - Generic fields and methods
 - Instructions
 - Instruction lists
 - Appending
 - Inserting
 - Deleting

Example

```
import java.io.*;

public class HelloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] argv) {
        BufferedReader in = new
            BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        String name = null;
        try {
            System.out.print("Please enter your name> ");
            name = in.readLine();
        } catch (IOException e) { return; }

        System.out.println("Hello, " + name); } }
```

Initialization

- Create an empty class and an instruction list

```
ClassGen cg = new ClassGen("HelloWorld", "java.lang.Object", "<generated>",
    ACC_PUBLIC | ACC_SUPER, null);
ConstantPoolGen cp = cg.getConstantPool();
// cg creates constant pool
InstructionList il = new InstructionList();

MethodGen mg = new MethodGen(ACC_STATIC | ACC_PUBLIC, // access
    flags
    Type.VOID, // return type
    new Type[] { // argument types
        new ArrayType(Type.STRING, 1) },
    new String[] { "argv" }, // arg names
    "main", "HelloWorld", // method, class
    il, cp);
```

Your modifications

- GenProcCode – generate code for a procedure
- genInstCode – generate code for an astNode representing TREE_BLOCK, TREE_IF, or TREE_WHILE
- genExpCode – generate code for a single TREE_INSTRUCTION
- genOpCode – generate code for expNode representing an operator

Adding New Instructions

```
InstructionList x;
```

```
genExpCode(x, op1); // generate instructions for
    1st operand, append to x
```

```
genExpCode(x, op2); // generate instructions for
    2nd operand, append to x
```

```
x.append(new IADD()); // generate IADD
    instruction, append to x
```

Using Labels

```
InstructionList x, y;
InstructionHandle label;
```

```
label = x.append(new NOP()); // returns
    // label for conditional branch targets
y.append(new IFEQ(label)); // create new
    // conditional branch instruction
y.append(x);
```