

# Coordinating Data-Parallel **SAC** Programs with **S-Net**

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[www.aether-ist.org](http://www.aether-ist.org)

# SAC in a nutshell

- ▶ generic array programming
- ▶ purely functional
- ▶ no-frills
- ▶ aggressive program optimisation
- ▶ sequential performance competitive with FORTRAN77
- ▶ generation of multi-threaded code without annotations

For details see

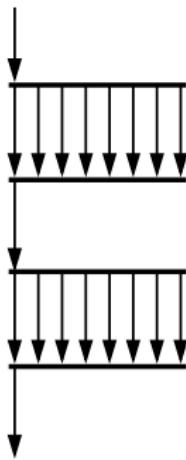
[www.sac-home.org](http://www.sac-home.org)

# Exploitation of Data-Parallelism in SAC

- ▶ hinges on our data-parallel construct, the With-Loop
- ▶ all our array operations are defined by these
- ▶ granularity control by
  - ▶ array size inference
  - ▶ several fusion techniques
- ▶ architecture specific code generation
- ▶ POSIX-threads for SMPs
- ▶ taylor-made memory management
- ▶ almost linear speedups for examples such as NAS-benchmarks

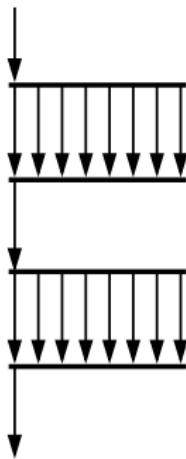
# So what is the catch??

Our compiler maps all concurrency into one Concurrency pattern:



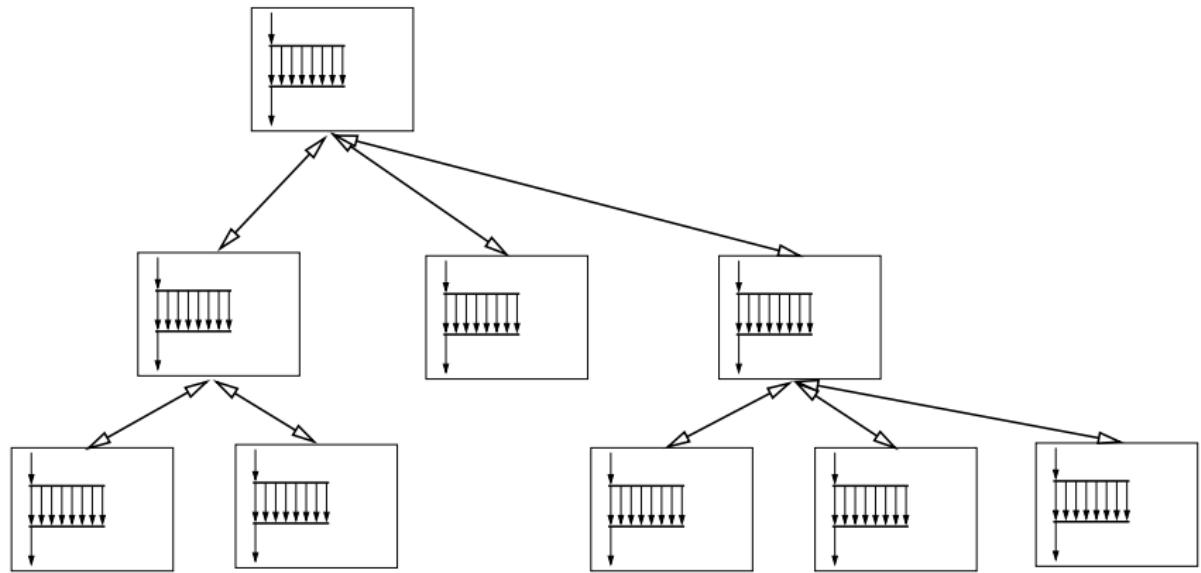
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if our application cannot be mapped on this pattern, we cannot exploit its concurrency!

# An example: Search Algorithms

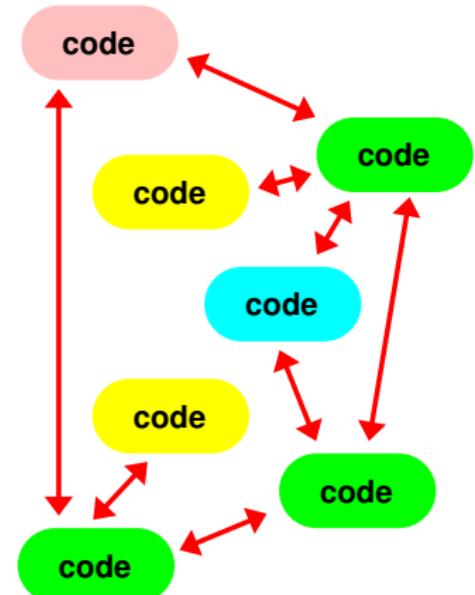


# Our Approach: S-Net

## S-Net:

- ▶ asynchronous component framework
- ▶ functional stream processing
- ▶ pure coordination language
- ▶ dynamic network creation
- ▶ orthogonal to the box language

## Existing software



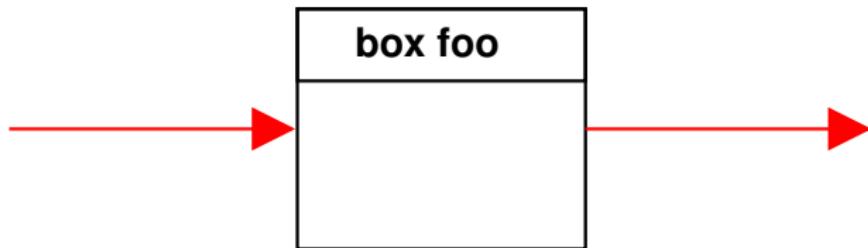
# S-Net at a Glance

- ▶ central construct: box  
wraps existing code



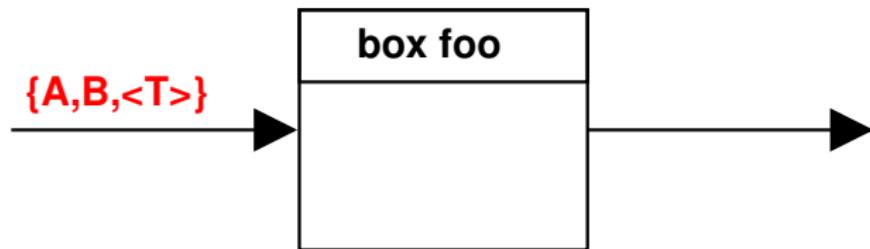
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- ▶ central construct: box  
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- ▶ connected by
  - ▶ single input stream
  - ▶ single output stream



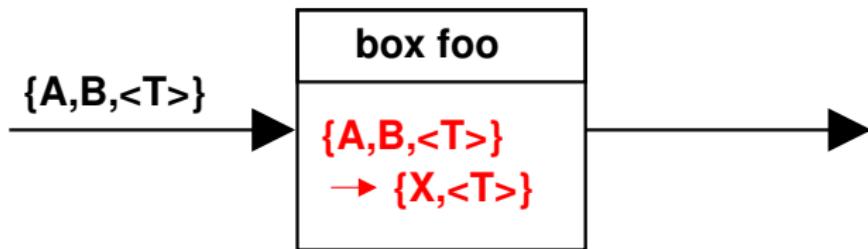
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- ▶ central construct: box
  - wraps existing code
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  - ▶ single input stream
  - ▶ single output stream
- ▶ streams transport records:  
sets of named fields
  - ▶ opaque value fields
  - ▶ integer-valued tag fields



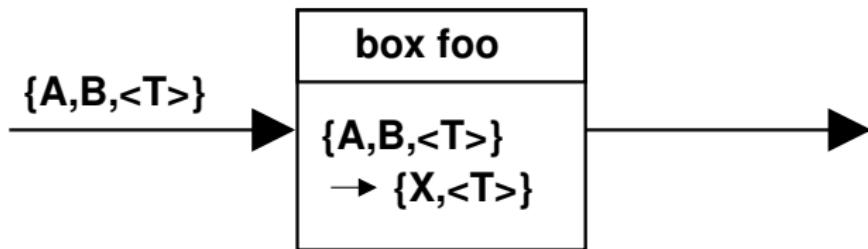
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- ▶ central construct: box wraps existing code
- ▶ box behaviour declared by type signature
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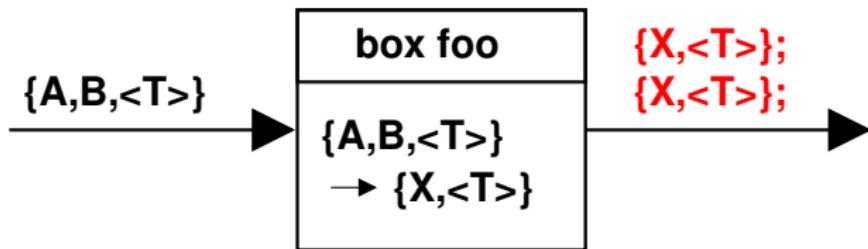
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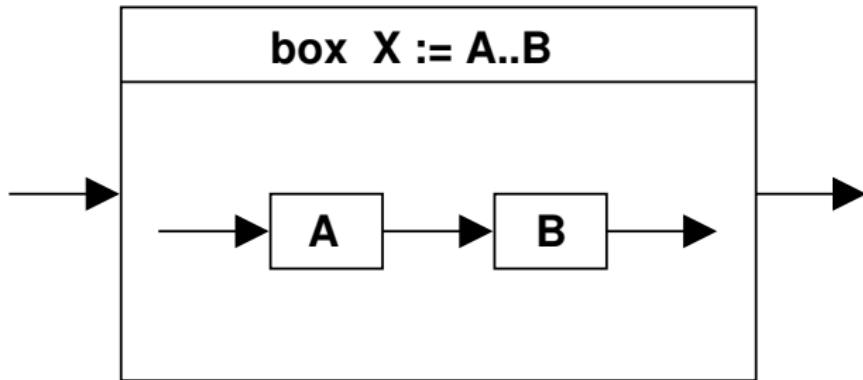


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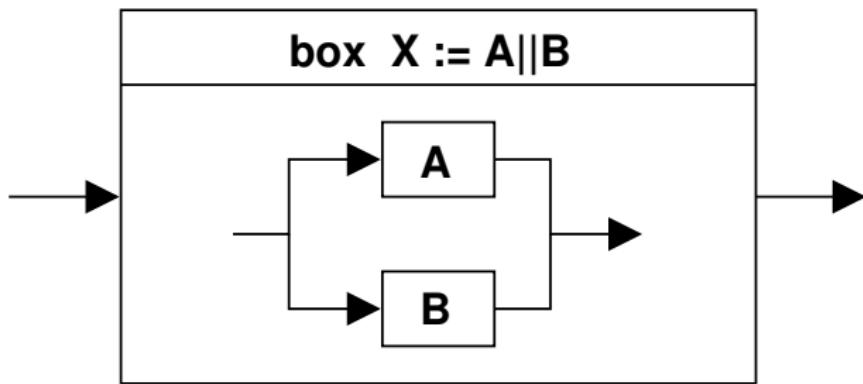
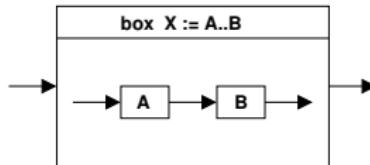
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  - ▶ opaque value fields
  - ▶ integer-valued tag fields
- ▶ box behaviour declared by type signature
- ▶ behaviour defined in box language, not S-Net
- ▶ **box maps single input record to stream of output records**



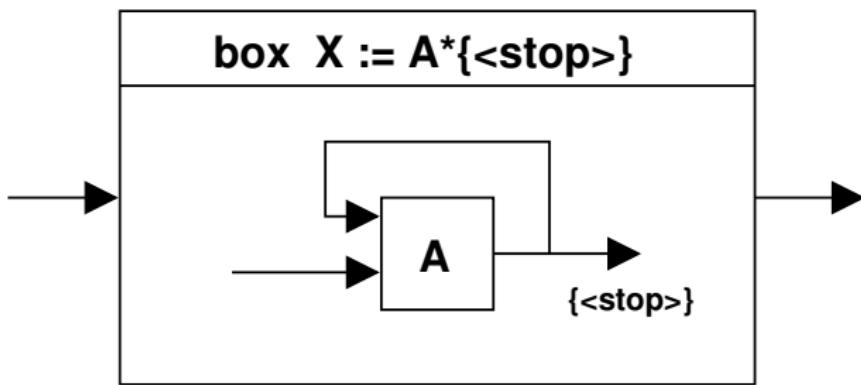
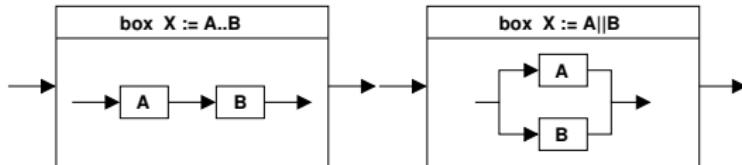
## Network Combinators: Serial



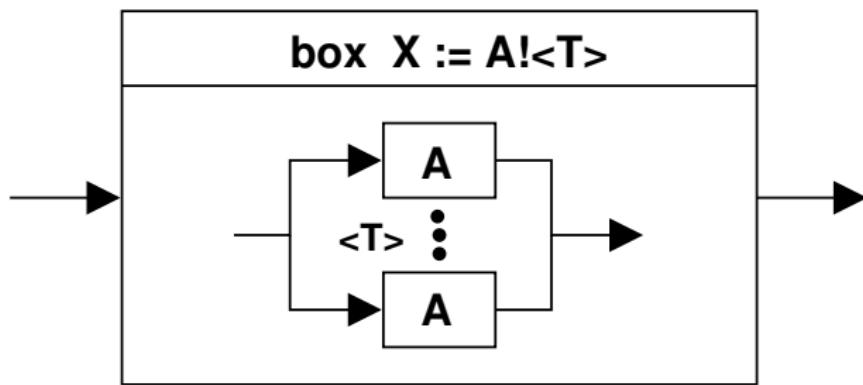
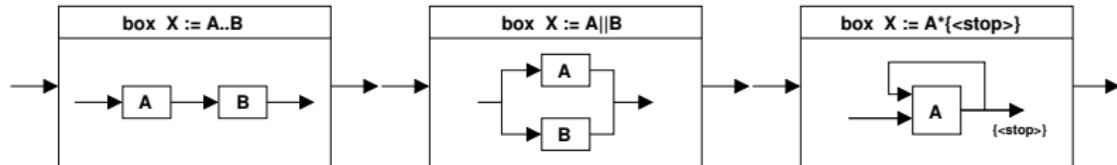
# Network Combinators: Choice



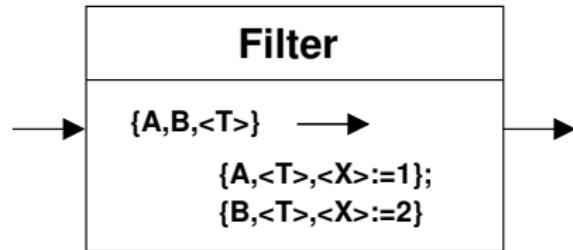
# Network Combinators: Serial Replication



# Network Combinators: Index Split



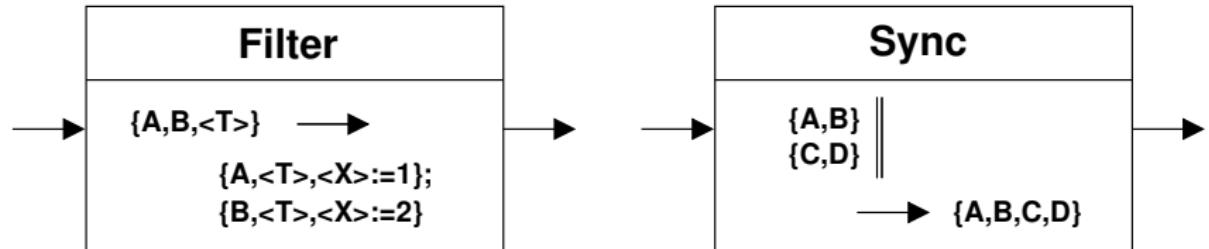
# Primitive Boxes: Filter and Sync



housekeeping:

- ▶ eliminate record fields
- ▶ duplicate record fields
- ▶ add tags
- ▶ manipulate tag values
- ▶ ...

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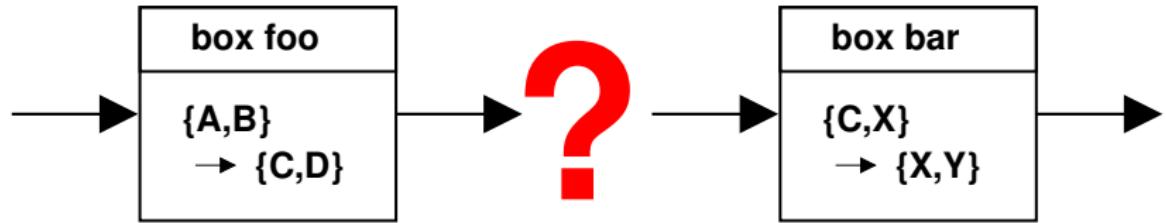
housekeeping:

- ▶ eliminate record fields
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- ▶ ...

synchronisation:

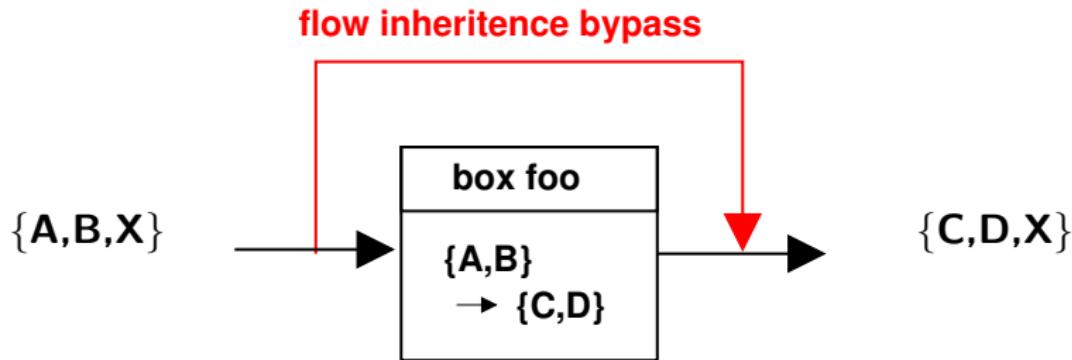
- ▶ keep record that matches pattern
- ▶ all patterns matched: release merged records
- ▶ pattern already matched: pass through

## Problem: Incompatible Boxes



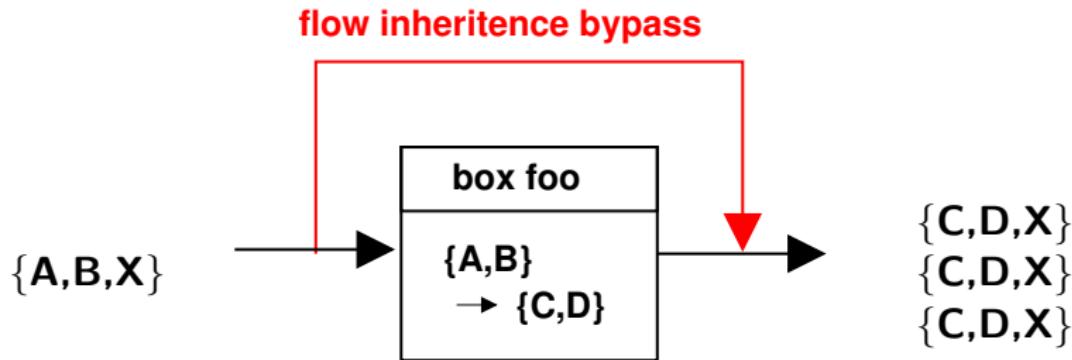
- ▶ Box code typically designed in isolation.
- ▶ Interfaces only partially overlap.
- ▶ Network composition unfeasible in practice?

# Solution: Flow Inheritance



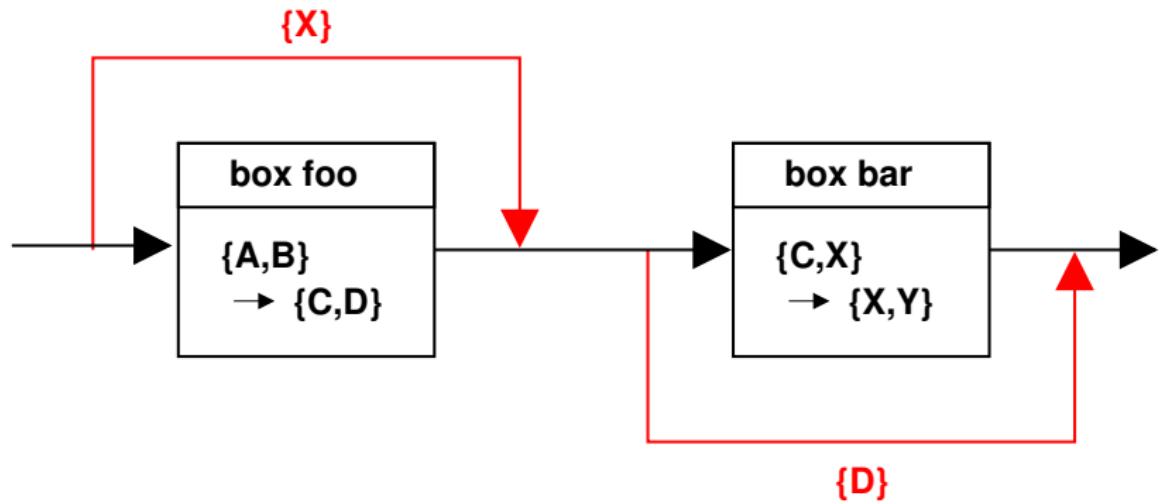
- ▶ Any “unwanted” field is bypassed to output channel
- ▶ and is attached to any record produced in response.

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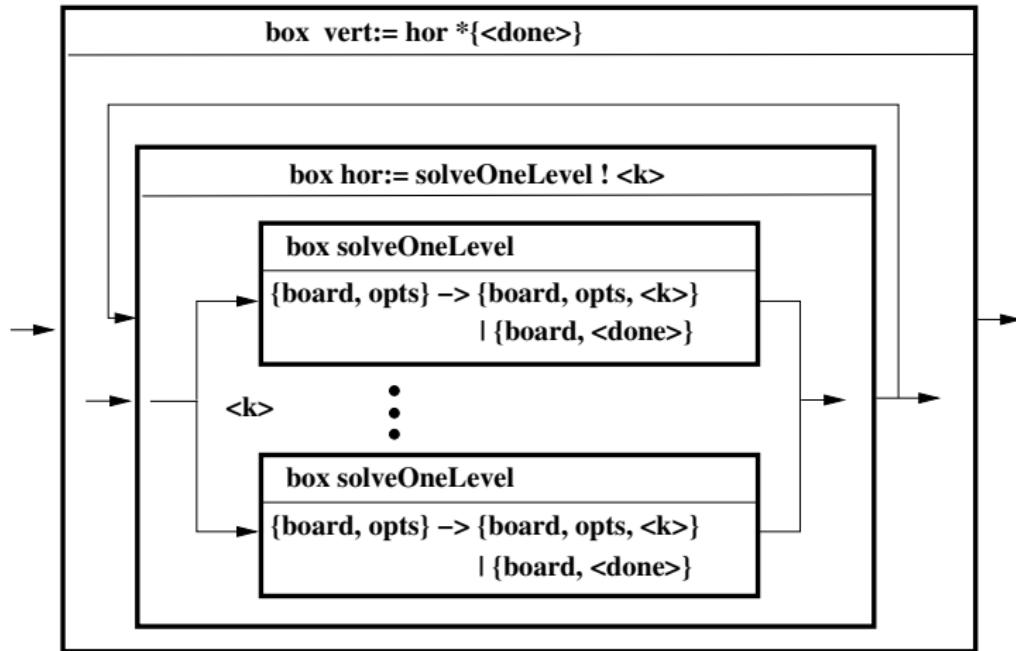
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# Flow Inheritance: Enabling Network Combination

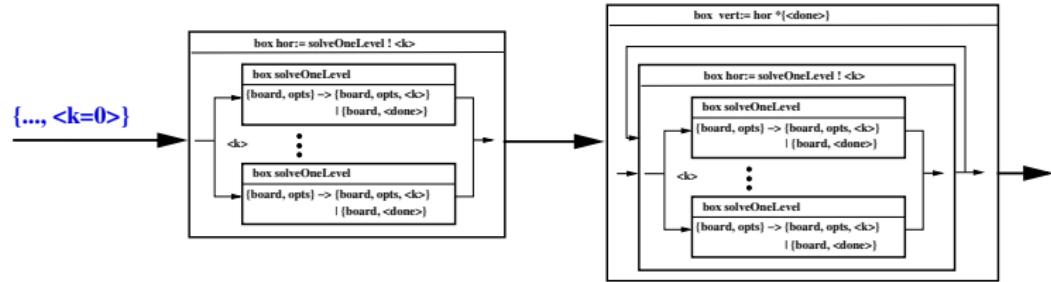


- ▶ Flow inheritance is the key to network glue.

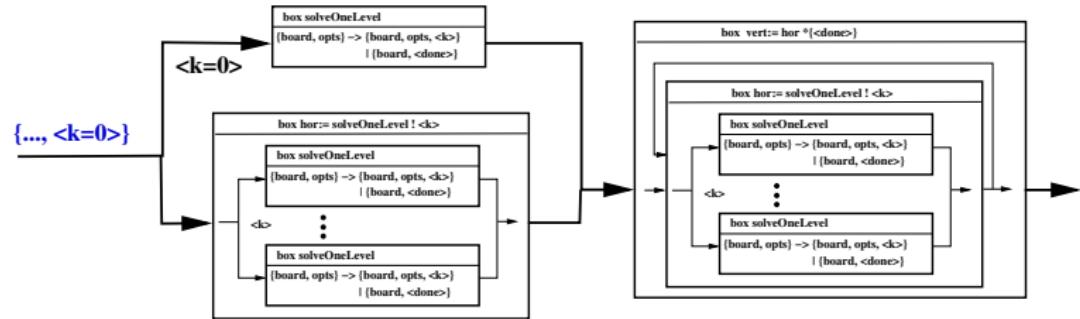
# How to apply this to our problem?



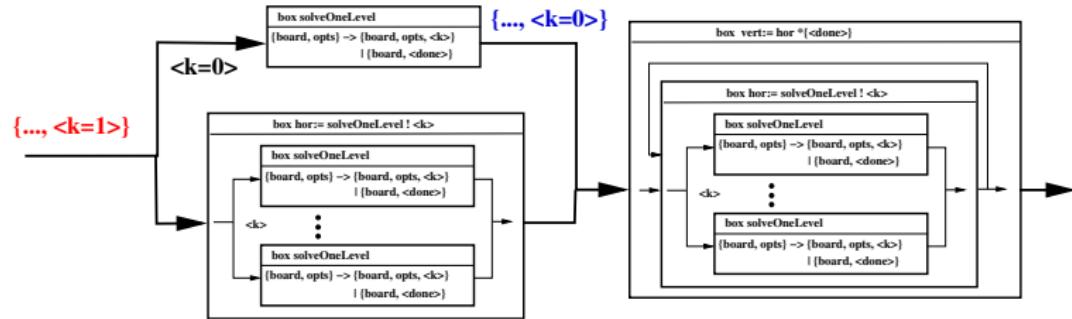
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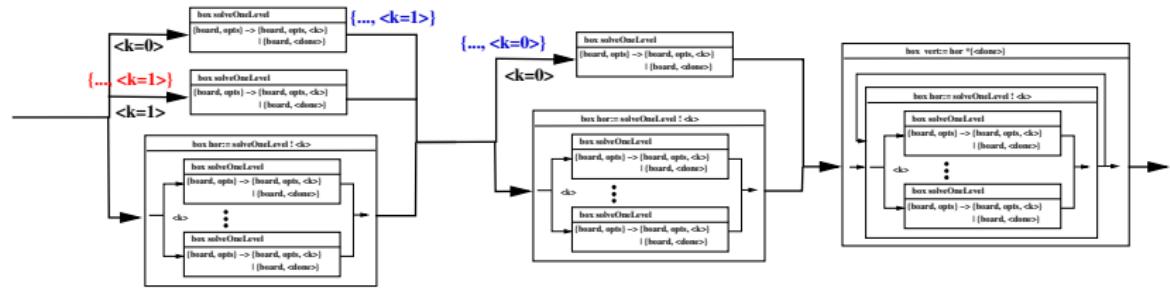
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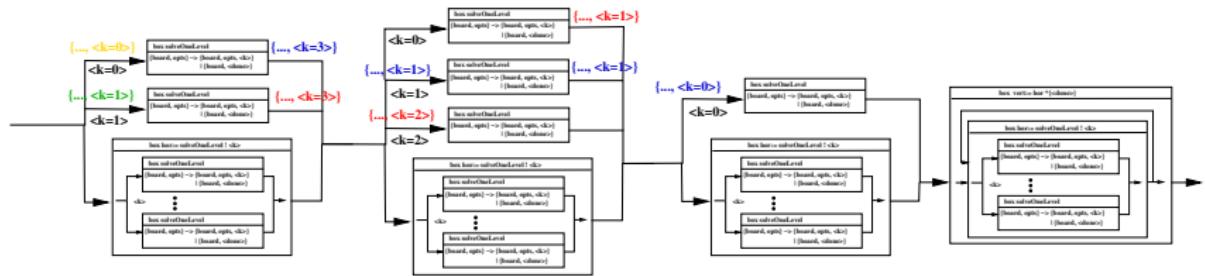
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# How to apply this to our problem?



# Conclusion

## S-Net is

- ▶ versatile component framework
- ▶ for functional stream processing

## S-Net features

- ▶ SISO as predominant construction principle
- ▶ asynchronous distributed computing
- ▶ dynamic network extension
- ▶ open box language interface
- ▶ few powerfull combinators

# Current and Future Work

- ▶ prototype implementation (UH + ICL)
  - ▶ runtime system
  - ▶ compiler
- ▶ graphical tools (UH + VTT)
  - ▶ network editor
  - ▶ network simulator
- ▶ mapping to MicroThread architecture (UH + UvA)
  - ▶ hardware support for light threads
  - ▶ highly efficient synchronisation
- ▶ applications (UH + VTT + others)
  - ▶ network protocols
  - ▶ physics simulations
  - ▶ ...

